

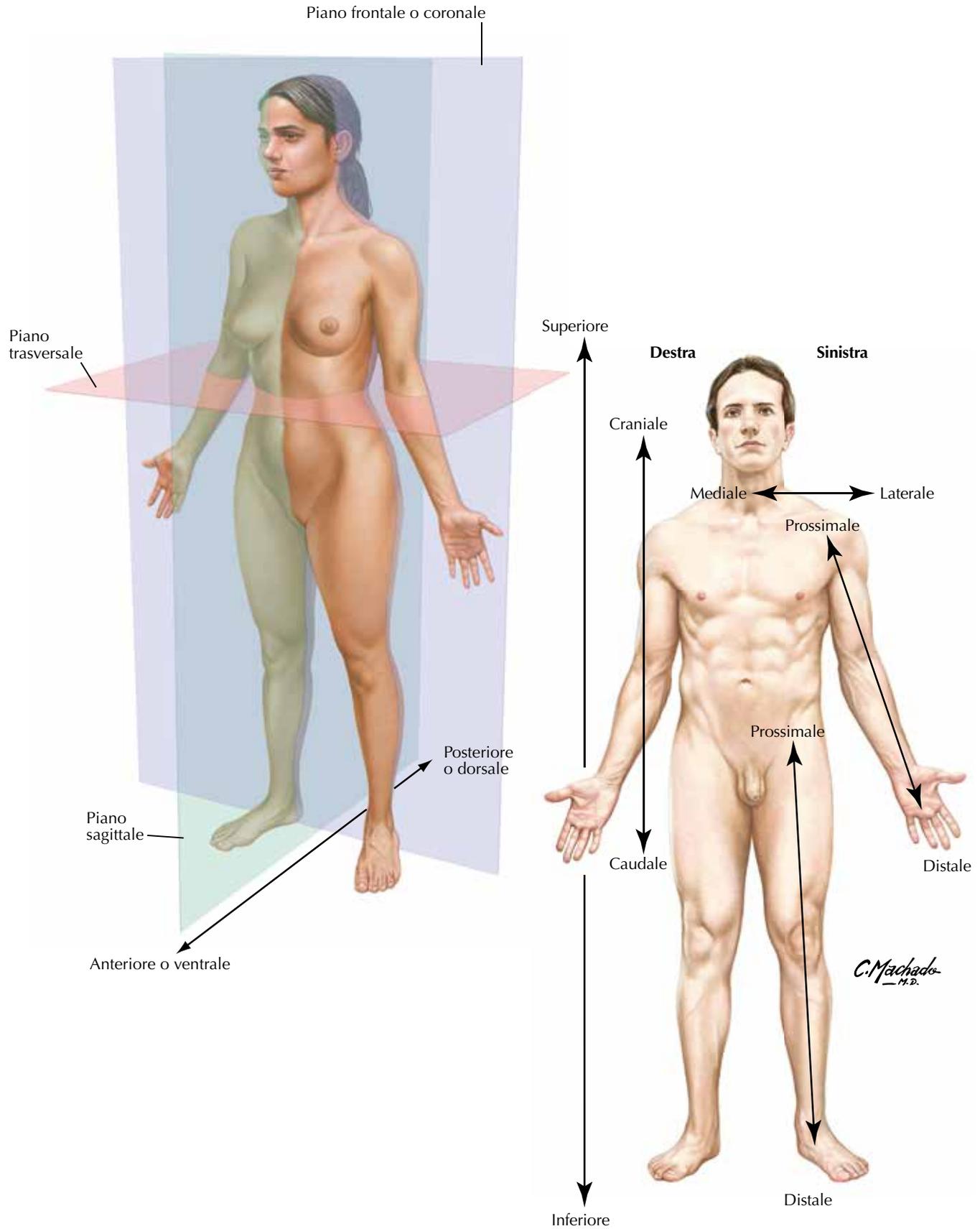
INTRODUZIONE

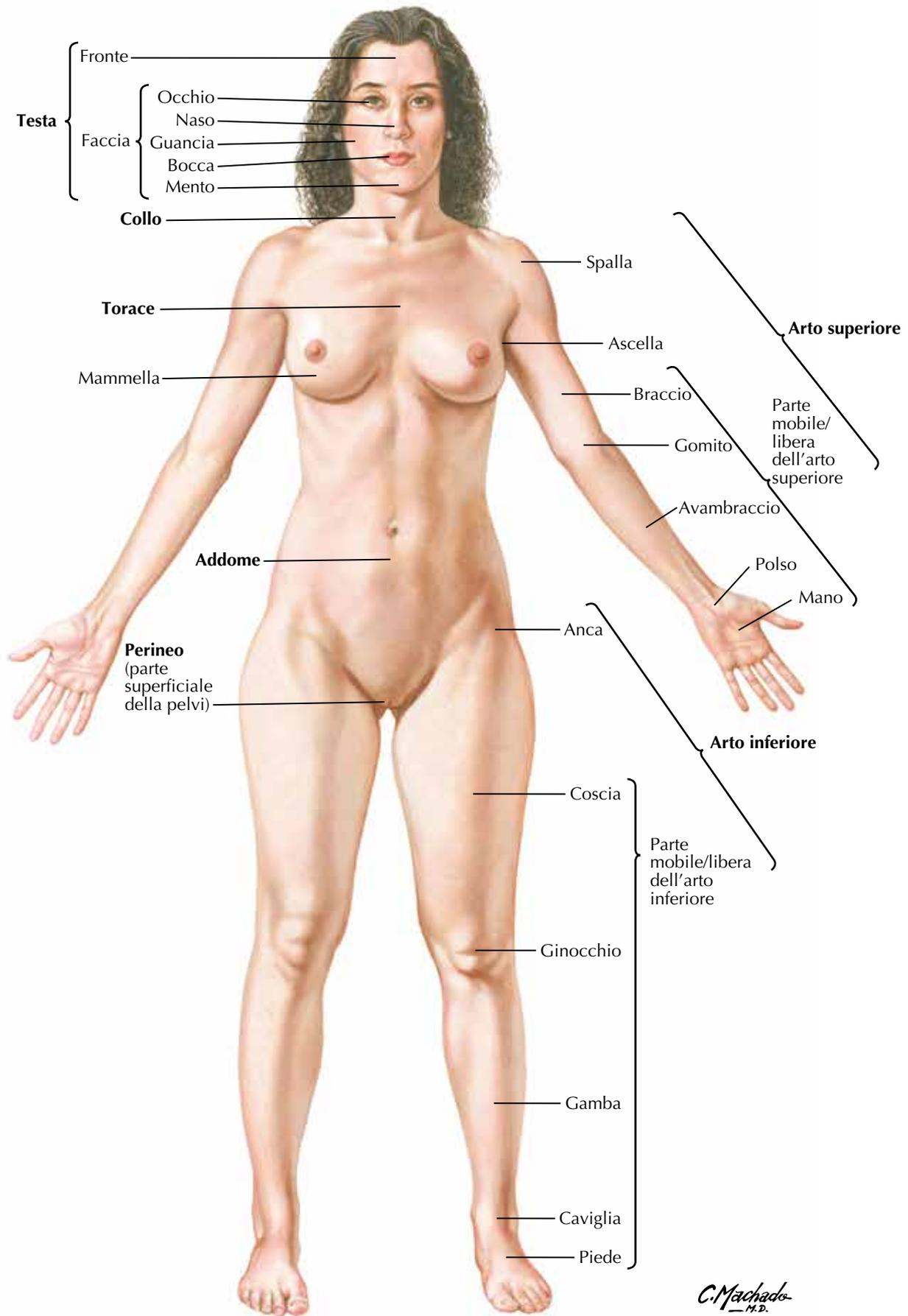
1

Anatomia generale

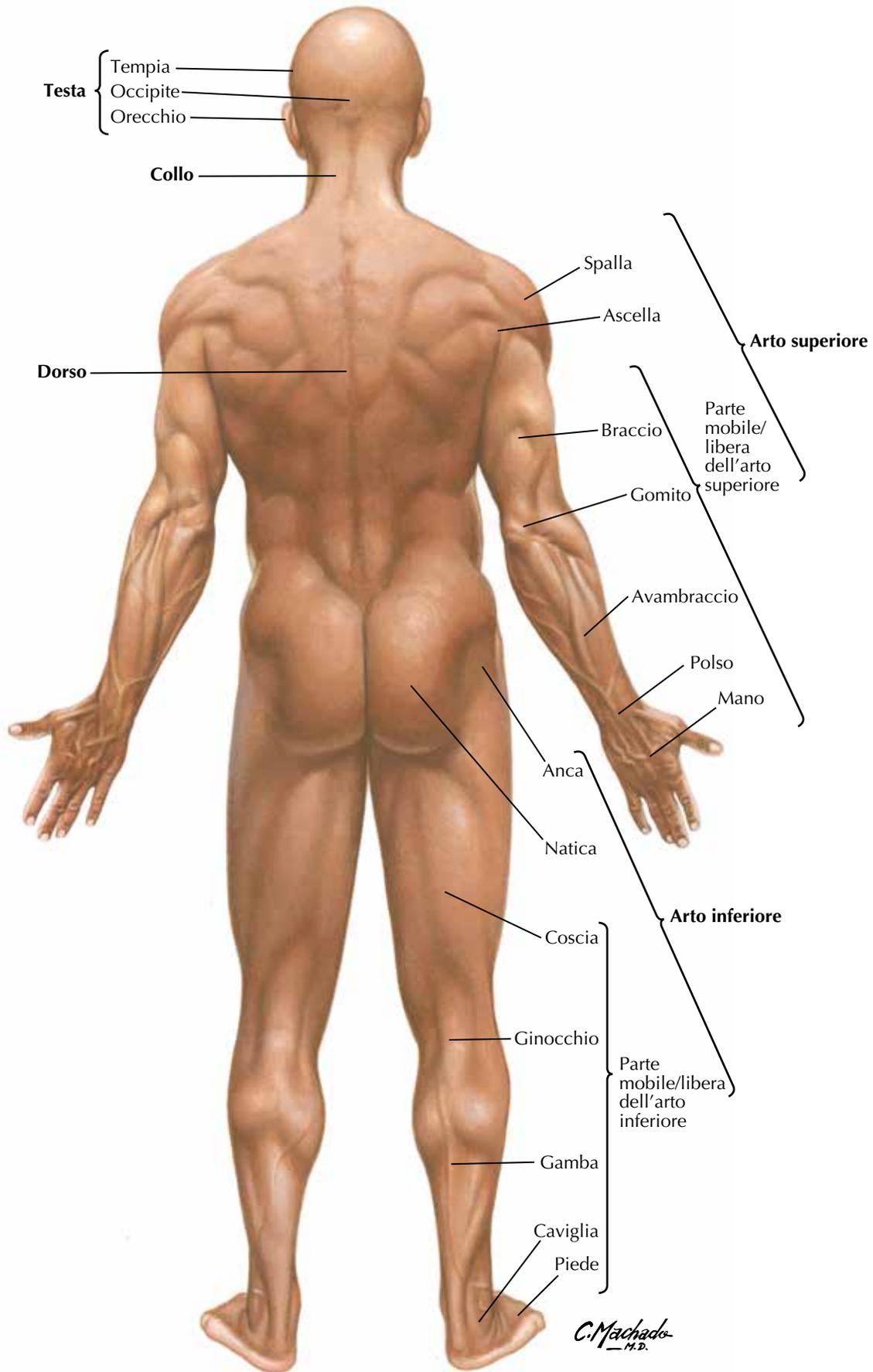
1-3 **Anatomia sistematica**

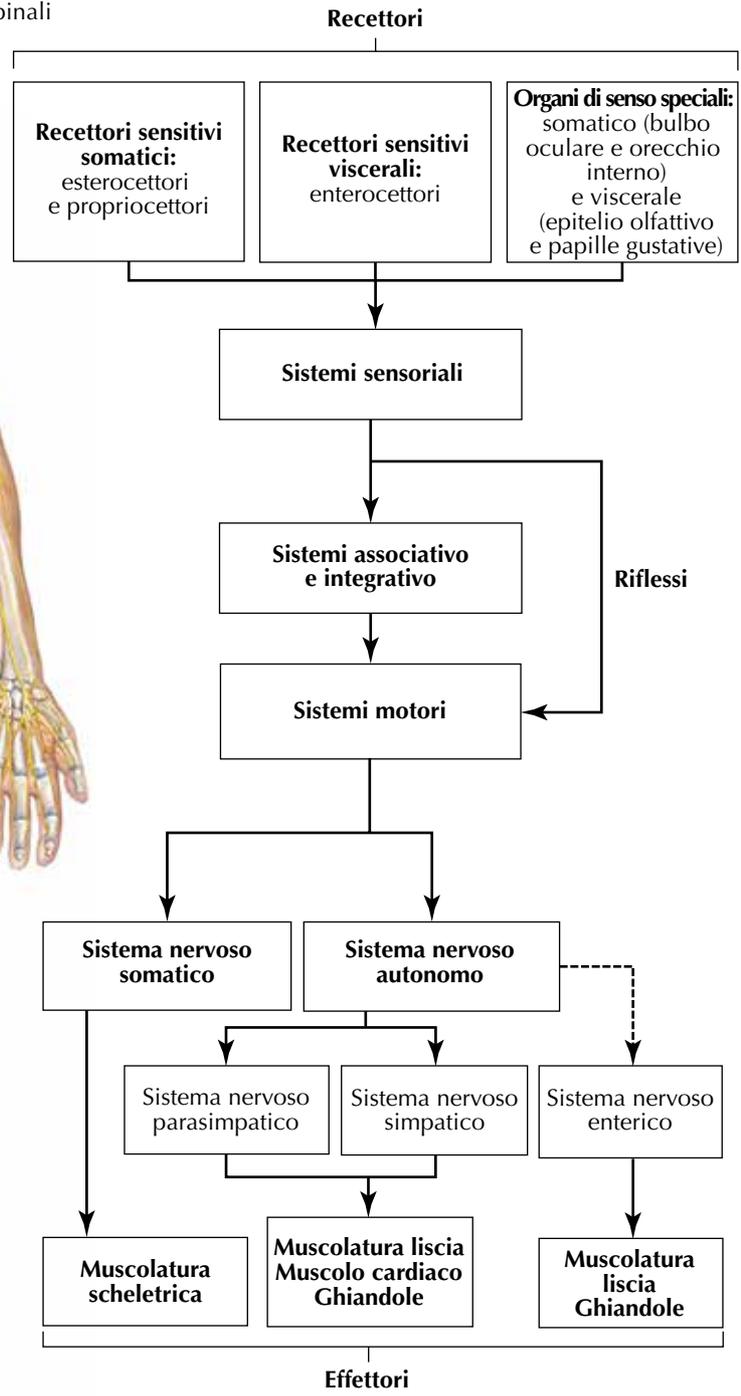
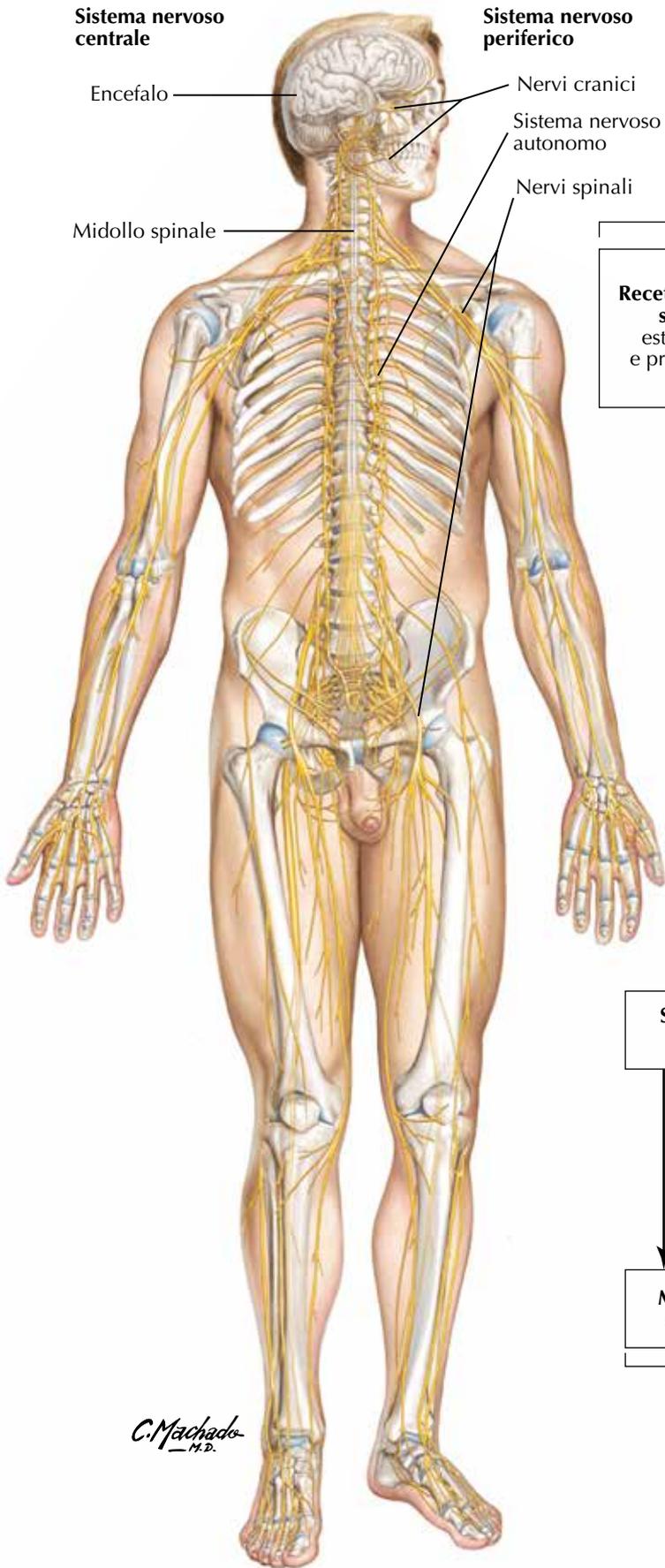
4-16



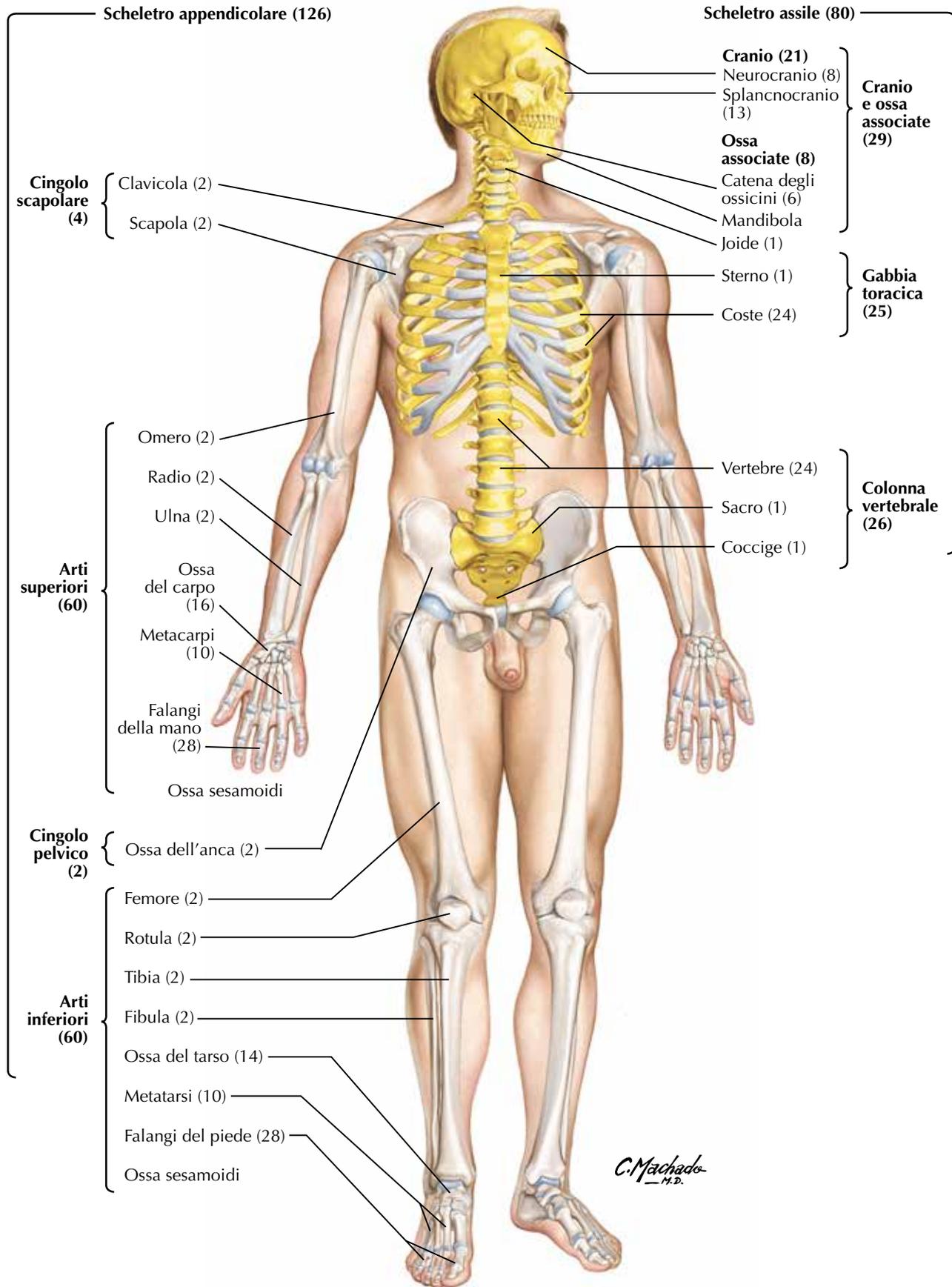


C. Machado M.D.

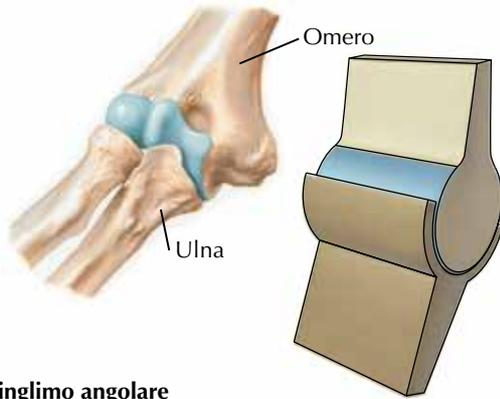
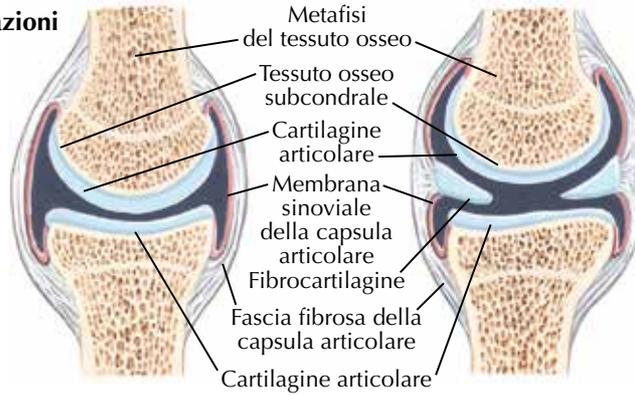




C. Machado M.D.



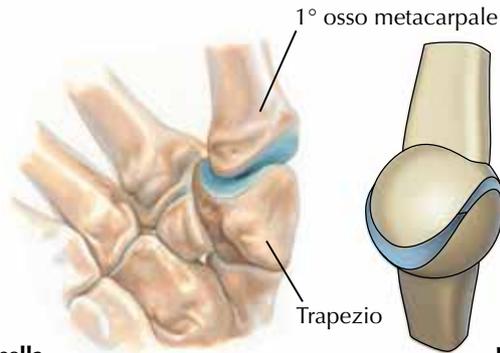
Struttura delle articolazioni sinoviali



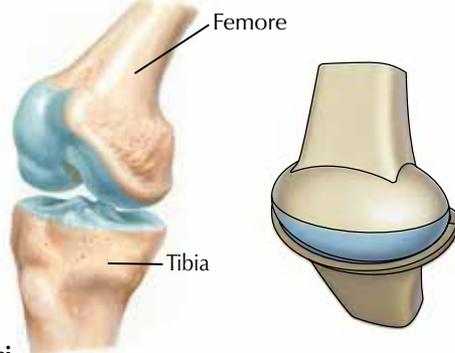
A. Ginglino angolare
(per esempio, articolazione del gomito)



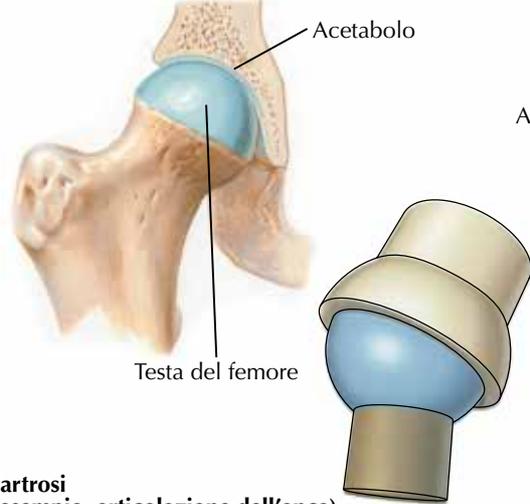
B. Ginglino laterale (per esempio, articolazione a pivot-atlo-epistrofica)



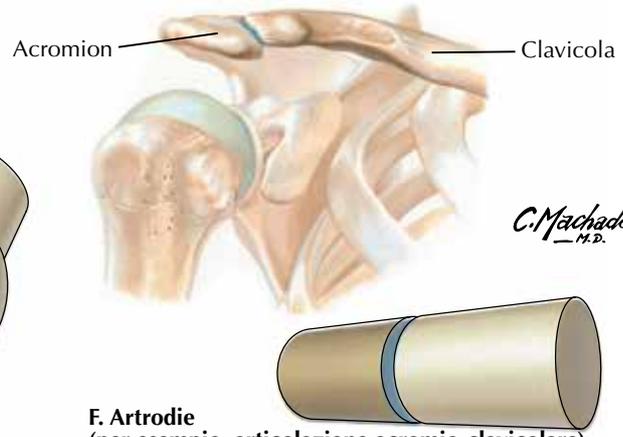
C. A sella
(per esempio, articolazione metacarpale del pollice)



D. Condilartrosi
(per esempio, articolazione del ginocchio)

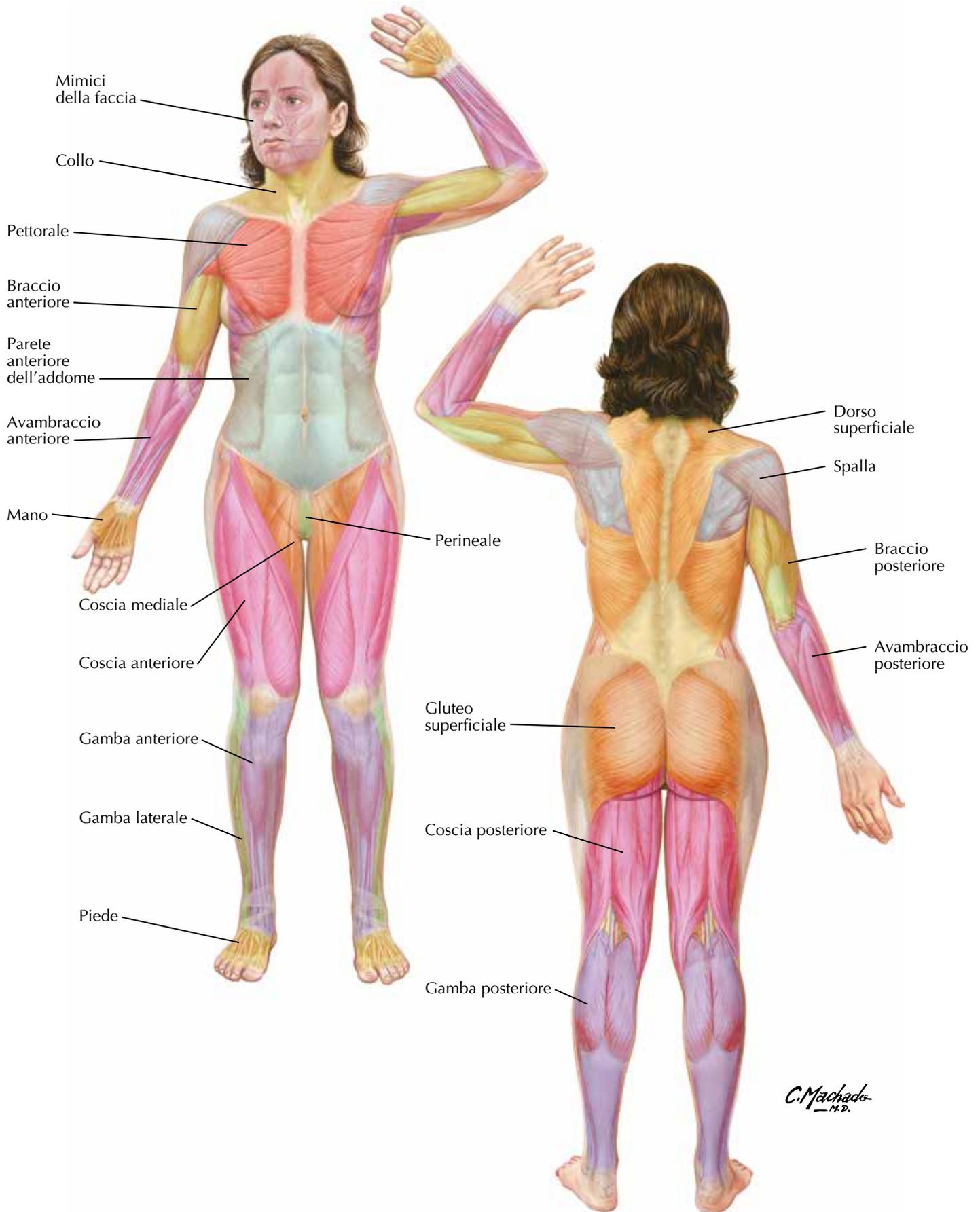


E. Enartrosi
(per esempio, articolazione dell'anca)

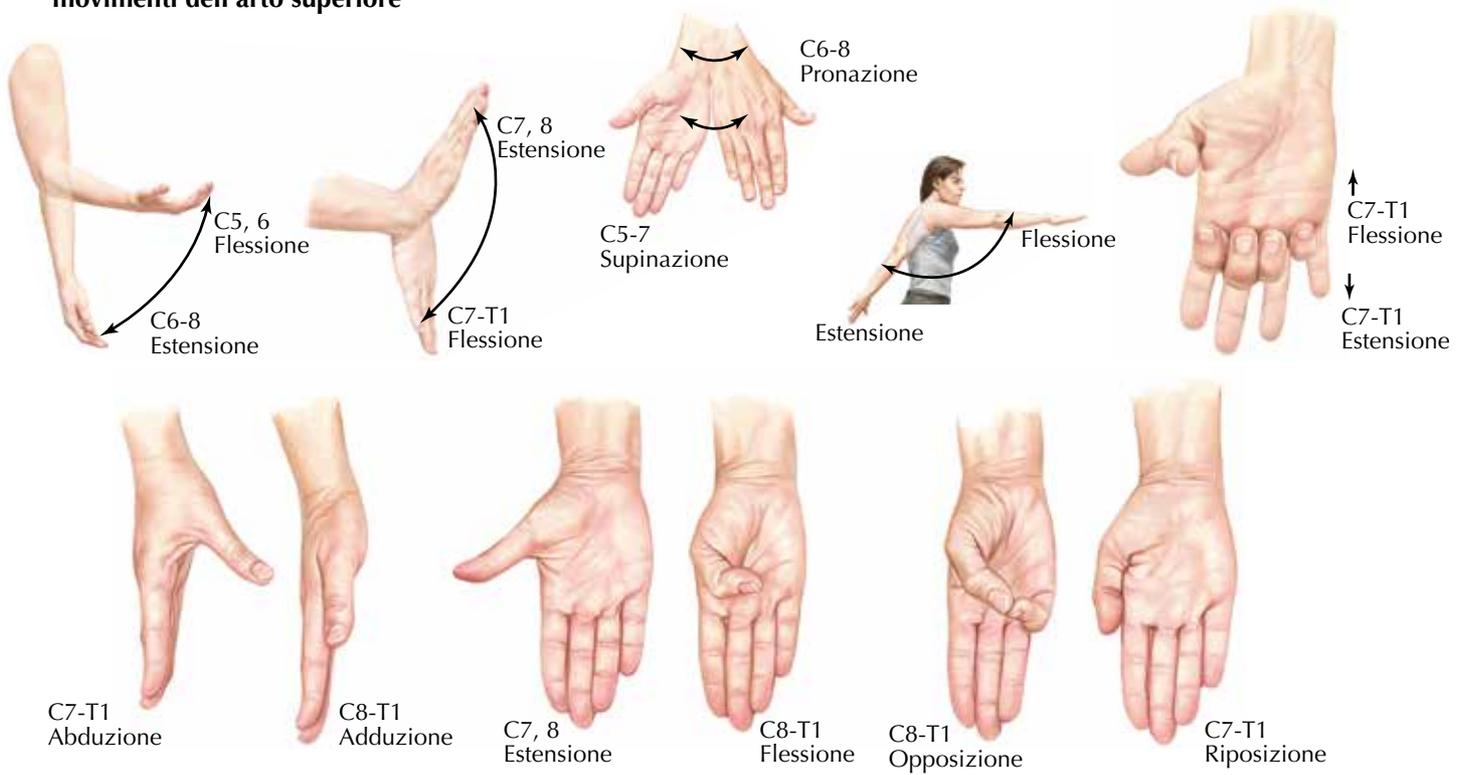


F. Artrodie
(per esempio, articolazione acromio-clavicolare)

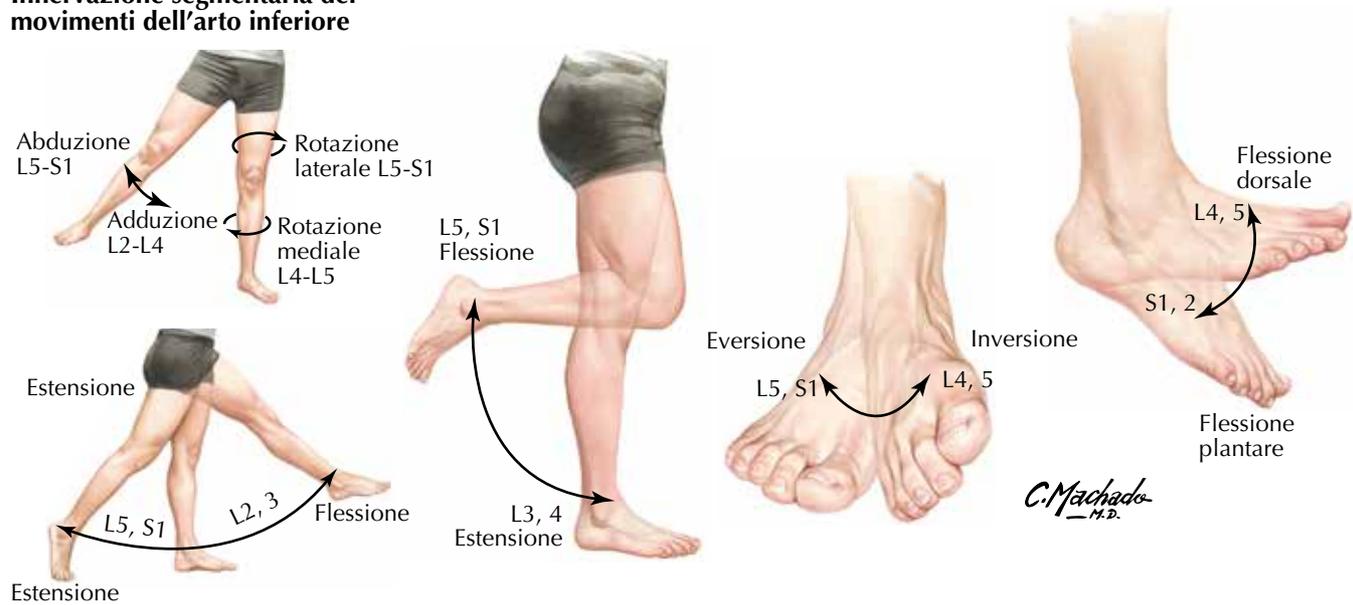
C. Machado M.D.

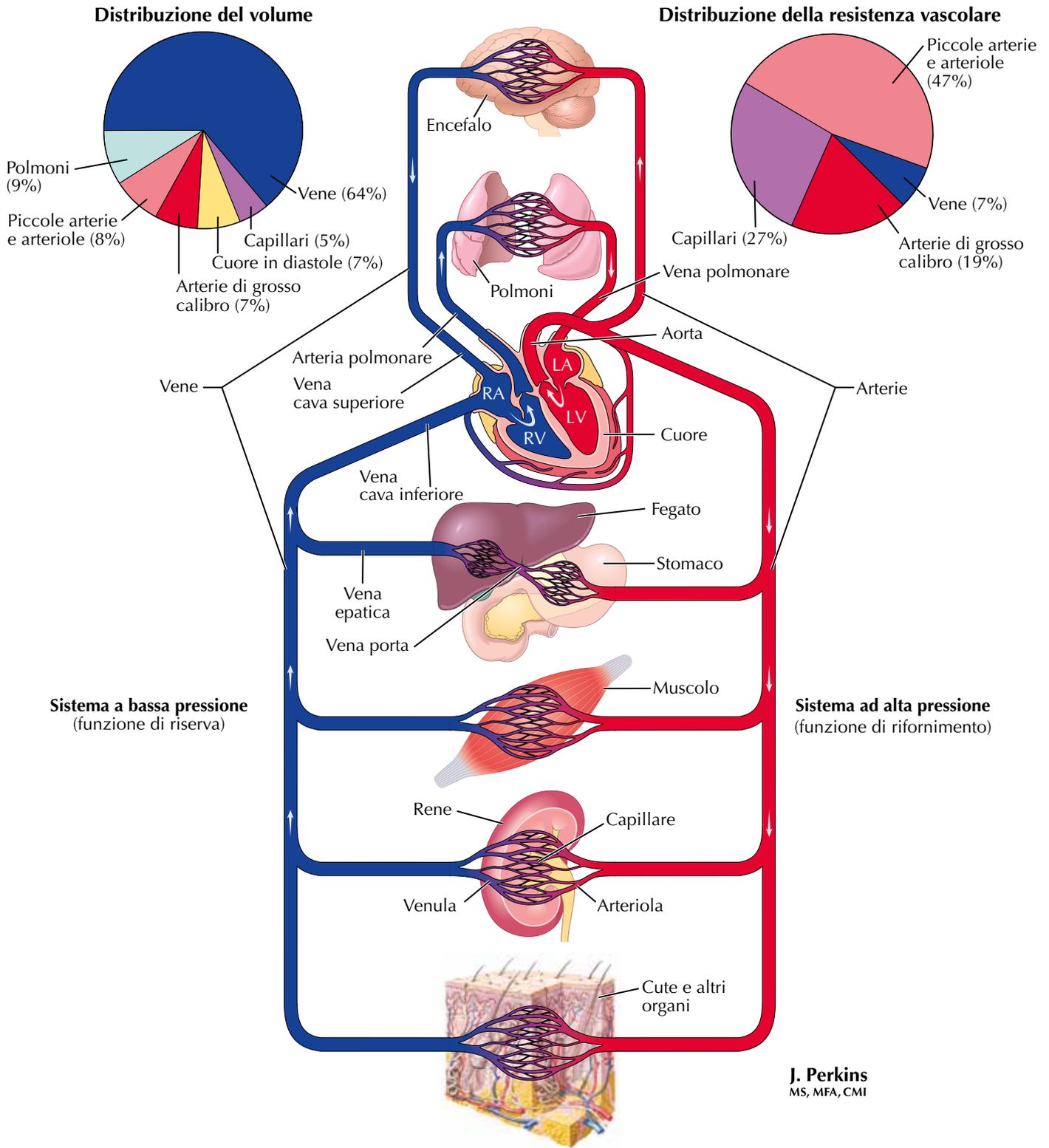


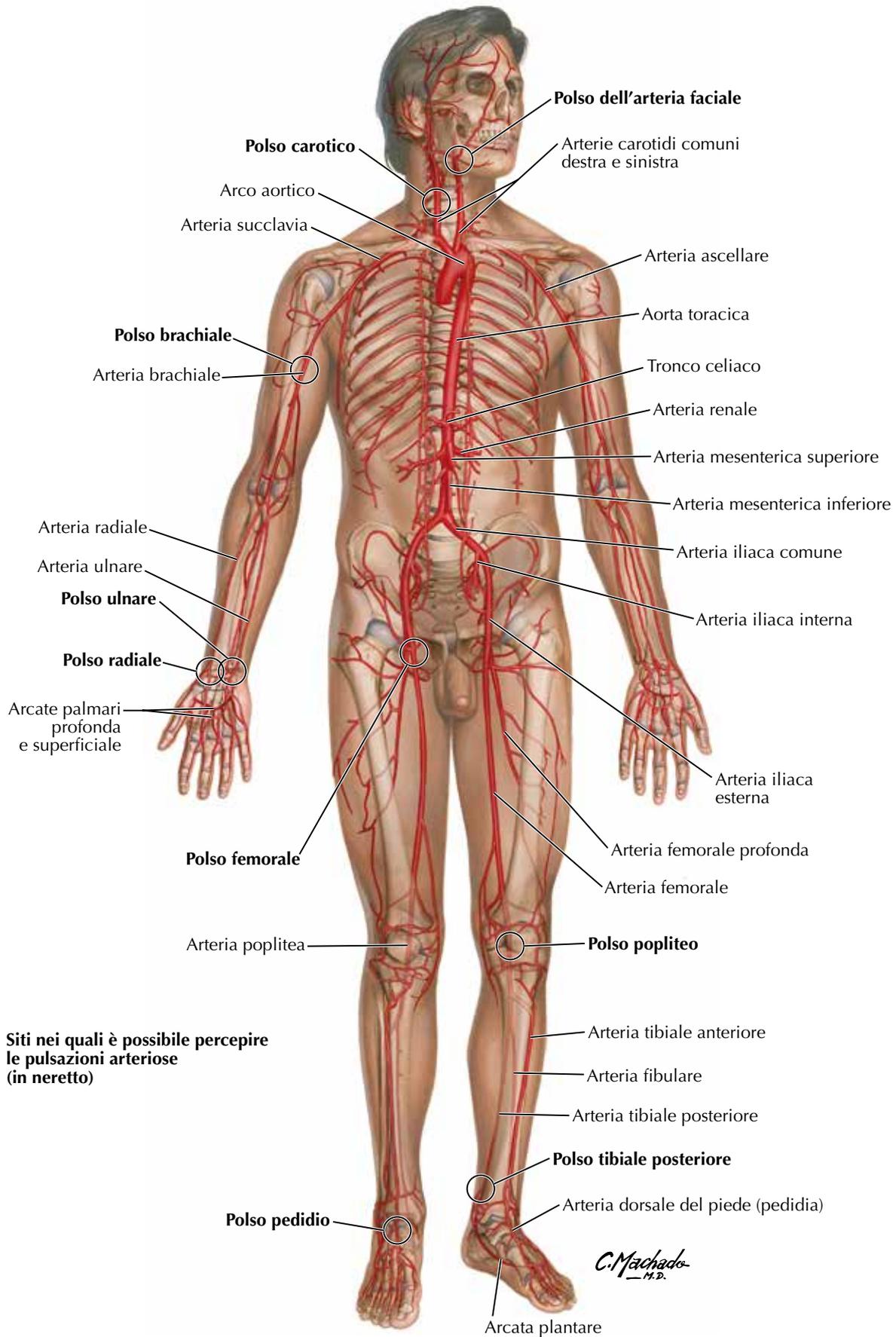
Innervazione segmentale dei movimenti dell'arto superiore



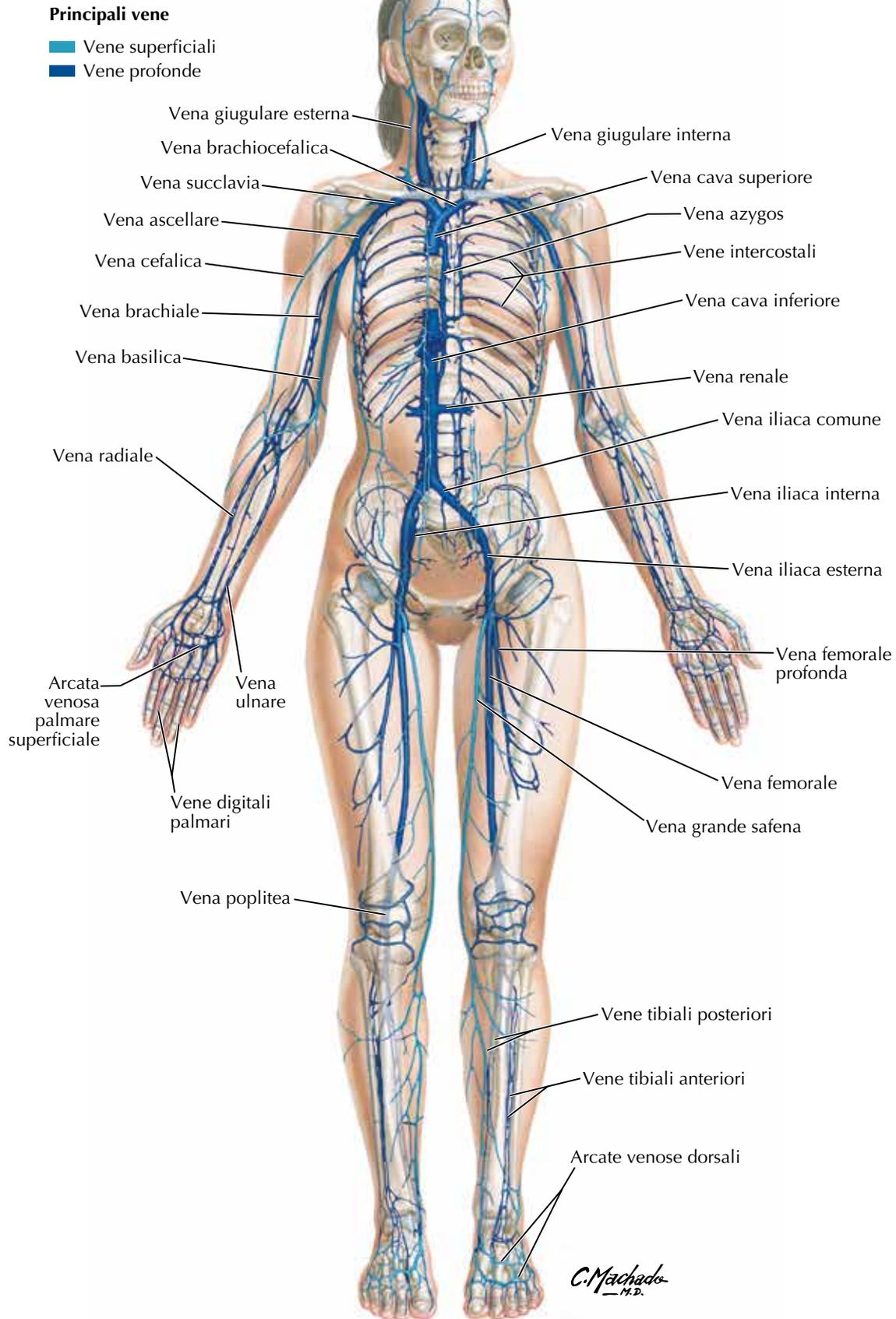
Innervazione segmentaria dei movimenti dell'arto inferiore

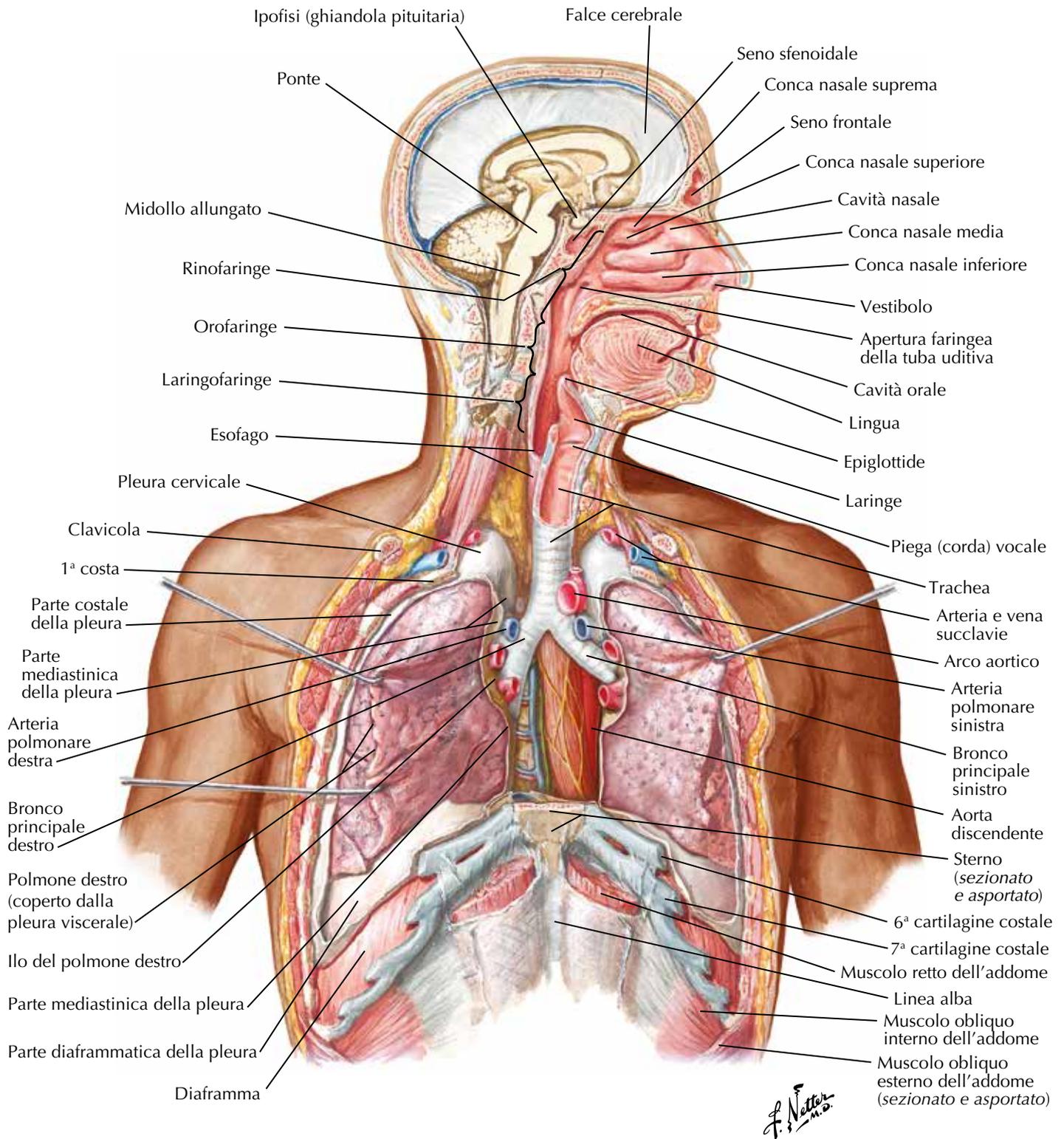


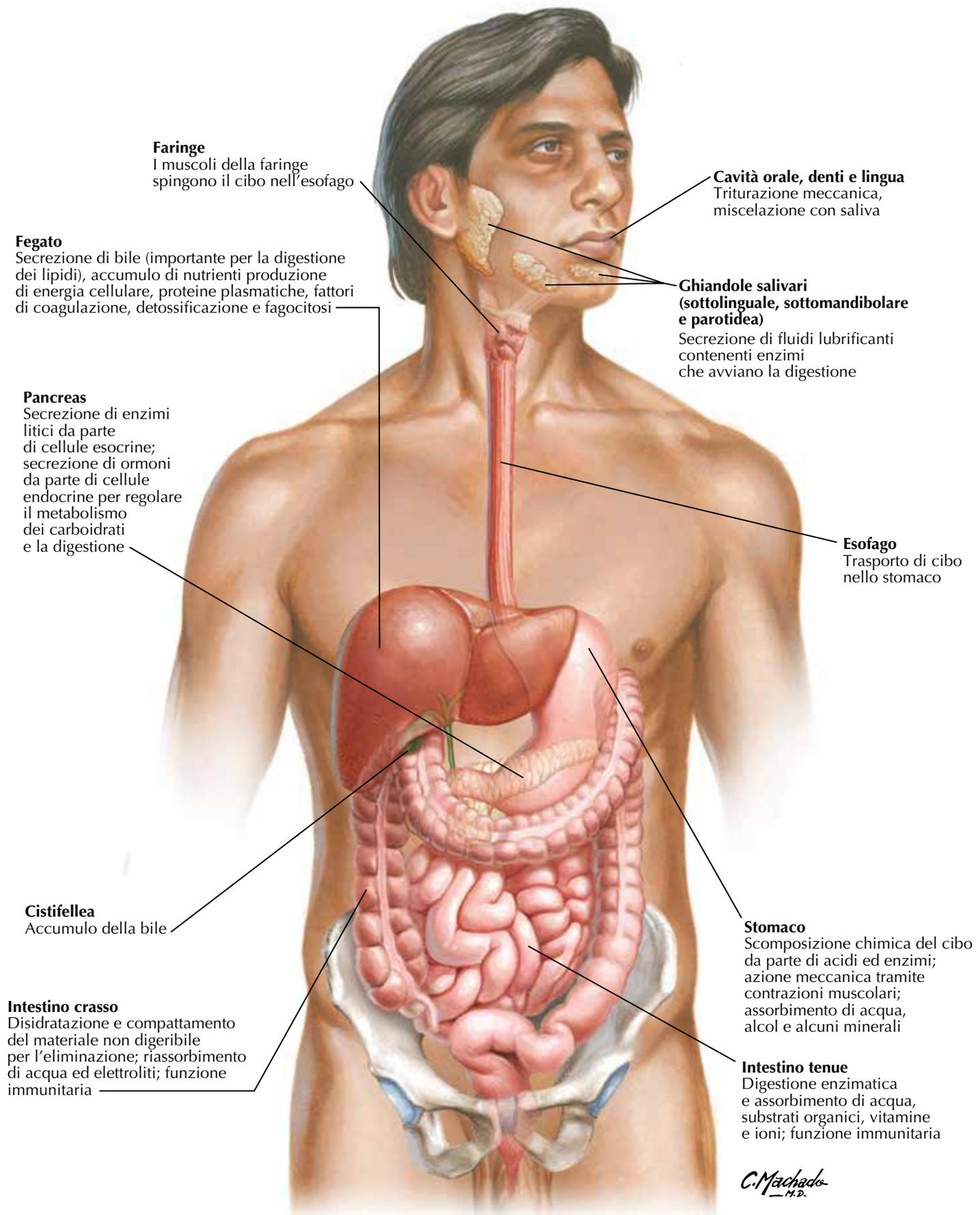


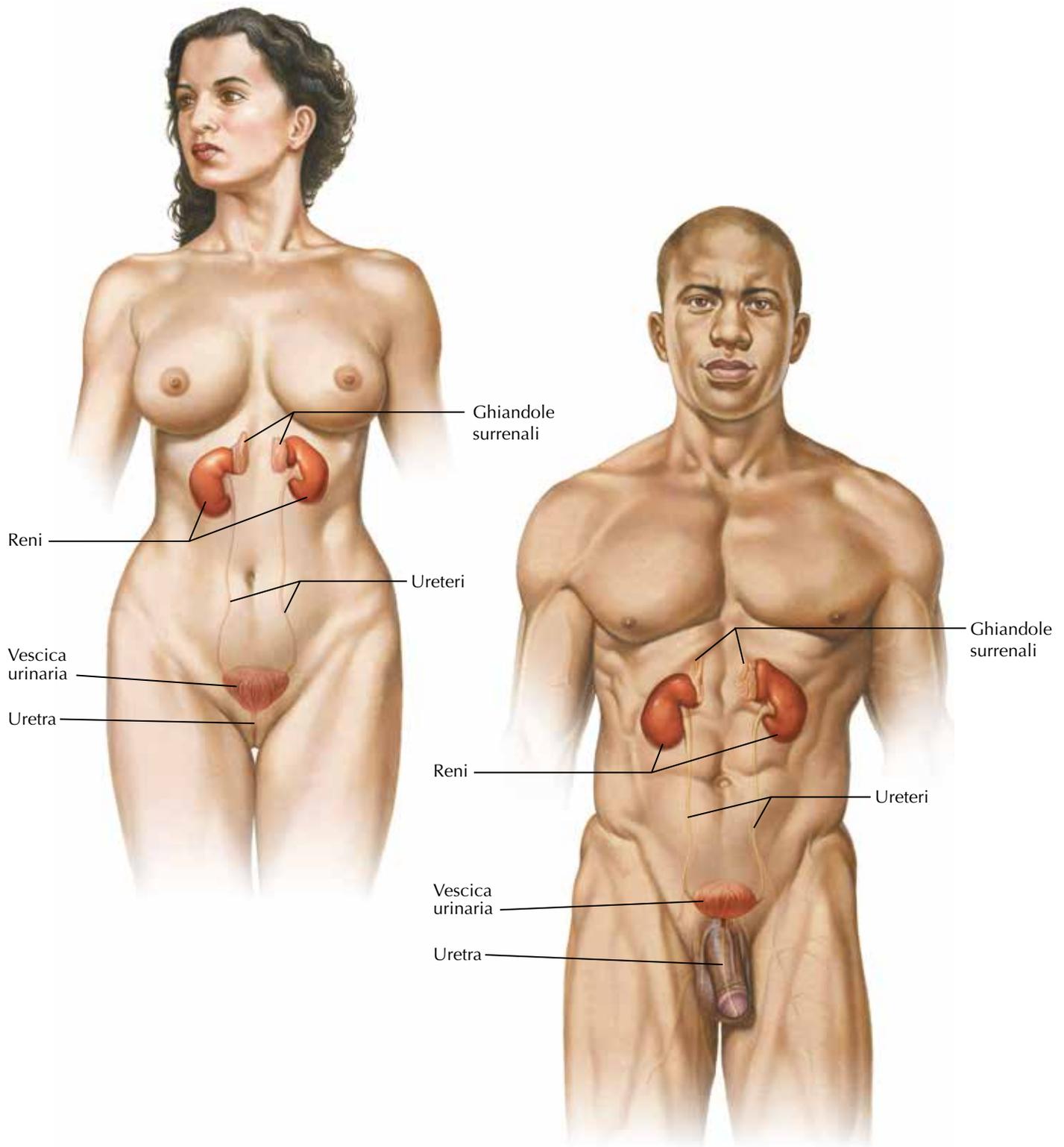


Siti nei quali è possibile percepire le pulsazioni arteriose (in neretto)









C. Machado
M.D.

